Seminar: 20th Century American Fiction 50: 350:416 Spring 2011 Barbarese Email: Barbarese@camden.rutgers.edu Web: http://crab.rutgers.edu/~barbares/index.html
Office: Armitage 481 Phone: 609-225-6556 Office Hours: by appt

Required Texts:

Baum, The Wizard of Oz

DeLillo, Falling Man, NY: Penguin,

Faulkner, As I Lay Dying, ISBN: 978-0-393-93138-9

Hemingway, A Farewell to Arms, Scribner, 1995 ISBN 978-0684801469

James, Daisy Miller, Oxford UP, 2009. 978-0-19-953856-0

Larsen, Passing, WW Norton, ISBN 978-0393979169

McCarthy, Blood Meridian (Vintage) 978-0-307-27792-3

Moore and Gibbons, Watchmen 0-930289-23-4 †

Morrison, Beloved (Penguin) 0-452-28062-1

Nabokov, The Annotated Lolita ISBN 0-679-72729-9

Pickering, Fiction 100, Latest edition (Prentice Hall), 0-13-014328-6.

Pynchon, The Crying of Lot 49, NY: Harper and Row 0-06-091307-X

Wharton, Ethan Frome, WW Norton, 0-393-96635-6

The major assignments:

Quizzes: Weekly (10%)

Mid-term: 20%

Final Paper: 5-8 pages (20%)

Final Exam 50%

• <u>Assignments</u>. All written assignments done at home must be keyboarded and given to me in electronic and hard copy. Send your essays as attachments, preferably in Microsoft Word, to <u>barbarese@camden.rutgers.edu</u>. Name your essay according to the following format:

[YourLastName].doc

- Quizzes. Expect them weekly. There are no make-up quizzes.
- Exams. Both mid-term and final will include some objective questions. The final essay may be designed as an in-class writing assignment and assessed as part of the total final examination grade, so stay tuned.
- <u>Lateness</u>. nexcused late work may be returned unread and may be subject to a penalized for each day of lateness.
- <u>Attendance</u> is expected at all Weeks. Three or more absences will undoubtedly affect your grade in the course. Come prepared to participate.
- <u>Academic Honesty</u>. The university guidelines and procedures governing plagiarism and academic dishonesty will be strictly observed. Plagiarism is theft and will result in an F for the course.
- <u>Listery:</u> Occasionally I will communicate with the entire class by email, often attaching work to be read for class, exercises and assignments, or announcements. The RUC's listsery address for our course is as follows:

senior-seminar@camden.rutgers.edu

Do not send anything to this address unless instructed by me.

• <u>Formatting</u>. Your written work must be keyboarded and formatted according to the model that follows on pages 4-5 of this syllabus. Do not add a cover page of any kind, substitute boldfacing for italics or underlining, or justify the right margin. *Under no circumstances present work that does not have your name on it.*

• We also have a course website, which you can access through my webpage at http://crab.rutgers.edu/~barbares/. Once there, follow the link on the left navigation pane to Recent American Writing

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Though the syllabus reflects as accurately as possible the course expectations and projected assignments, those expectations and assignments may be amended, extended or modified; so keep your syllabus handy

Week 1: 18-20 January:

- Introductions
- Sources: Henry James's "The Art of Fiction" (webpost)

Week 2: 25-27 January: The Sources

- Reading: Baum, *The Wizard of Oz* (1900)
- Reading: James's *Daisy Miller*

Week 3: 1 February:

- Reading: Wharton, Ethan Frome
- 3 February: no class

Week 4: 8-10 February: American High Modernism

- Reading: Hemingway, A Farewell to Arms
- Reading: Hemingway, "Hills Like White Elephants" (in *Fiction 100*)

Week 5: 15-17 February:

- Reading: Fitzgerald, *The Great Gatsby*
- Reading: Woolf, "An Esssay in Criticism" (Webpost)

Week 6: 22-24 February:

- Reading: Faulkner, As I Lay Dying
- Reading: Faulkner, "Barn Burning" (in *Fiction 100*)

Week 7: 1-3 March:

- Reading: Hurston, Their Eyes Were Watching God
- Reading: Larsen, *Passing*

Week 8: 8-10 March:

- 8 March, Mid-term Examination
- 10 March, Exam review /
- Reading: *t.b.a.*

14-18 March, Spring Break

Week 9: 22-24 March: Mid-Century Post-Modernism

- Reading: Nabokov, Lolita
- Reading: Jackson, "The Lottery"; O'Connor, "A Good Man is Hard to Find"; Cheever, "The Swimmer" (in *Fiction 100*)

Week 10: 29-31 March:

- Reading: Pynchon, *The Crying of Lot 49* (1966)
- Reading: O'Brien, "The Things They Carried" (in *Fiction 100*)

Week 11: : 5-7 April

- Reading: Morrison, Beloved
- Reading: Walker, "A Partisan View" (Webpost)

Week 12 12-14 April:

• Reading: McCarthy, Blood Meridian

Week 13: 19-21 April

- Reading: Delillo, Falling Man
- Reading: Delillo, "In the Ruins of the Future" (Webpost)

Week 14: 26-28 April: The Graphic Novel

- Reading: *t.b.a.*
- Conclusions

How to set up your pages when doing literary analyses.

No Separate Title Pages: Place your information here.

Your name Street Address City, State, Zip Telephone number Email address

Thoughts on Mind and on Style

The difference between the mathematical and the intuitive d.- In the one, the principles are palpable, but removed from ordinary use; so that for want of habit it is difficult to turn one's mind in that direction: but if one turns it thither ever so little, one sees the principles fully, and one must have a quite inaccurate mind who reasons wrongly from principles so plain that it is almost impossible they should escape notice.

But in the intuitive mind the principles are found in common use and are before the eyes of everybody. One has only to look, and no effort is necessary; it is only a question of good eyesight, but it must be good, for the principles are so subtle and so numerous that it is almost impossible but that some escape notice. Now the omission of one principle leads to error; thus one must have very clear sight to see all the principles and, in the next place, an accurate mind not to draw false deductions from known principles.

All mathematicians would then be intuitive if they had clear sight, for they do not reason incorrectly from principles known to them; and intuitive minds would be mathematical if they could turn

Title: Note: your title should contain no italics or quotation marks.

Text: no fancy fonts; no boldfacing or obnoxious or unusual special effects.

Where possible, avoid ending a paragraph at the end of a page.

Your Name/ Your Title/ Page

Your info. Your word processor makes it easy to create running headers and footers.

Always paginate your work.

not intuitive is that they do not see what is before them, and tha accustomed to the exact and plain principles of mathematics, and n reasoning till they have well inspected and arranged their princip they are lost in matters of intuition where the principles do not allow of such arrangement. They are scarcely seen; they are felt rather than seen; there is the greatest difficulty in making them by those who do not of themselves perceive them. These principles are so fine and so numerous that a very delicate and very clear sense is needed to perceive them, and to judge rightly and justly they are perceived, without for the most part being able to demonstrate them in order as in mathematics, because the principle are not known to us in the same way, and because it would be an endless matter to undertake it. We must see the matter at once, at glance,\and not by a process of reasoning, at least to a certain degree. And thus it is rare that mathematicians are intuitive and men of intuit on are mathematicians, because mathematicians wish t treat matters of intuition mathematically and make themselves ridiculous, wishing to begin with definitions and then with axioms which is not the way to proceed in this kind of reasoning. Not that the mind does not do so, but it does it tacitly, naturally, and

EXAMPLE Meaning <u>MARK</u> infact, ofcourse Divide the words or alot, eventhough syllables where the mark appears. thier, seperate The word is misspelled. I believe in Love. Lower the case. Although the is tall . . . Pull the punctuation mark. He returned back home. Delete the word. double^talk, well^groomed Insert a hyphen. $m \stackrel{or}{\quad} n$ and, A if you can believe itA, he . . . Insert dashes (each is two hyphens wide). poldly go where no man . . . Transpose elements. It is a universally acknowledged truth . . . i hate quiche. Upper-case the underlined letter. Tom's most well, now, and got Make a new paragraph here. his bullet around his neck . . . During the whole of a dull ^dark^ Insert punctuation. and soundless day . . . n.s., logic Non Sequitur: logic is off W.W., W.C. Wrong word, word choice, N.S.W., diction No such word, diction The film was good, however, the Grimms' CS version was far better. Comma splice Frag Although, it was a good movie and I enjoyed it. Fragment

Things to remember:

- 1. No title pages in essays. No covers.
- 2. Avoid using "vs." or "versus" in titles (e.g., "Cinderella vs. Snow White")
- 3. Avoid **boldfacing**. Always double-space printer output.
- 4. *Italics* for titles of novels, long poems, plays. Quotations for short titles.
- 5. Paginate your work
- 6. Use a colon to introduce lists, quotations or citations.